





United Nations Statistics Division

Governance of the NSS and Beyond



Advantages of sound Governance and Coordination



Coordination: within a system, activities, responsibilities, command and control structures are synchronized, harmonized and, when appropriate, integrated

The advantages of a coordinated NSS are the following:

- Efficiency and synergies of operations by avoiding overlapping efforts, duplication of work and reducing the response burden through data sharing
- Effectiveness by addressing demands for statistics in an organized and timely manner through the capability to jointly produce expected outputs
- Quality, coherence, comparability and accessibility of official statistics within and across statistical domains through the harmonization of methodology, classifications and dissemination channels
- Develop a corporate identity, and secure trust in Official Statistics (branding)

Governance and Coordination of NSS



A legal framework shall regulate and establish the following:

- Delineation of the NSS (producers of official statistics)
- Principles governing the development, production and dissemination of official statistics
- Mandate and authority of the National Chief Statistician/Government Statistician, in general CEO of the NSO
- Statistical Advisory Council or Board representing main user groups within <u>and</u> outside the government and the public sector
- NSS Coordination Committee consisting of the producers of official statistics
- Integrated strategic programmes (multi-annual) and operational programmes (annual) covering the entire NSS

Other Coordination instruments within the NSS

The Handbook on Management and Organization of NSS also proposes:

- Coordination through data acquisition, collection and sharing [MoUs]
- Coordination through methodology, technology and standards
- Coordination through dissemination and communication of official statistics
- Coordination through quality (National Quality Assurance Framework)
- Coordination through international cooperation and capacity building
- Coordination through training and development of statisticians and data specialists and improving data literacy among users and the public at large





The NSS and the Data Ecosystem



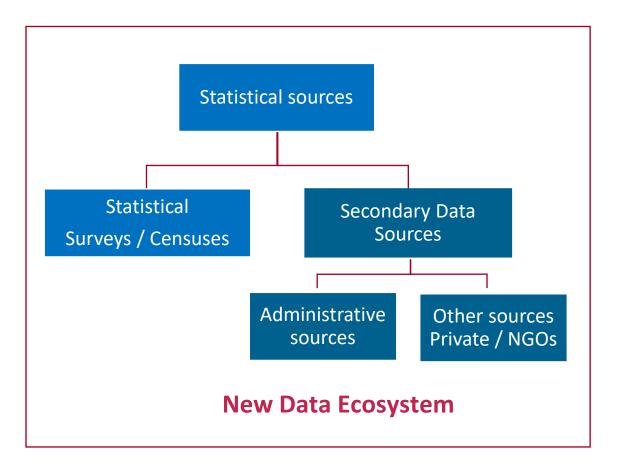
The entire network of data collectors, data producers, data analysts and other data users that directly or indirectly collect, process disseminate, analyze and/or otherwise consume data and associated services within a specified country or region



Traditional and New Data Ecosystem



Statistical sources **Statistical** Administrative sources surveys / censuses **Traditional Data Ecosystem**



General Assembly Resolutions about Governance

• Principle 8 - UN Fundamental Principles for Official Statistics (FPOS):

Coordination among statistical agencies within countries is essential to achieve consistency and efficiency in the statistical system

General Assembly Resolution on the SDG Indicator Framework

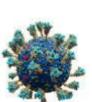
National Statistics Offices are the coordinators of the NSS, ... all activities of the NSS to be conducted in full adherence to the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics

COVID-19: Call of the 75th session of the General Assembly

To build inclusive and integrated data and statistical systems under the leadership of National Statistical Offices to respond to the increased and urgent data demands in times of disaster





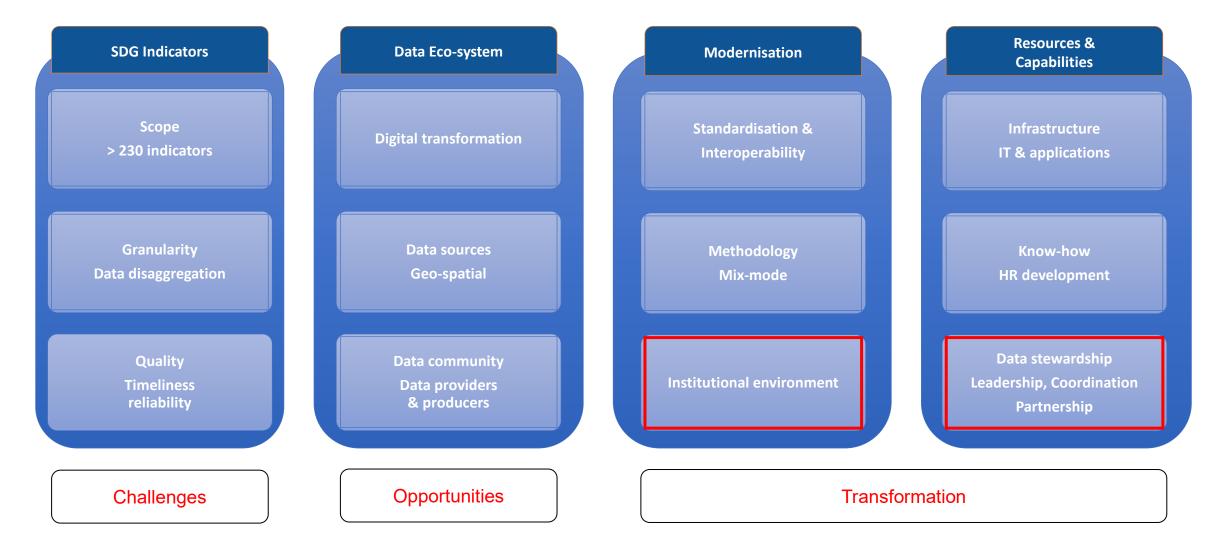




NSS Challenges and Opportunities



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Governance of the National Data Ecosystem

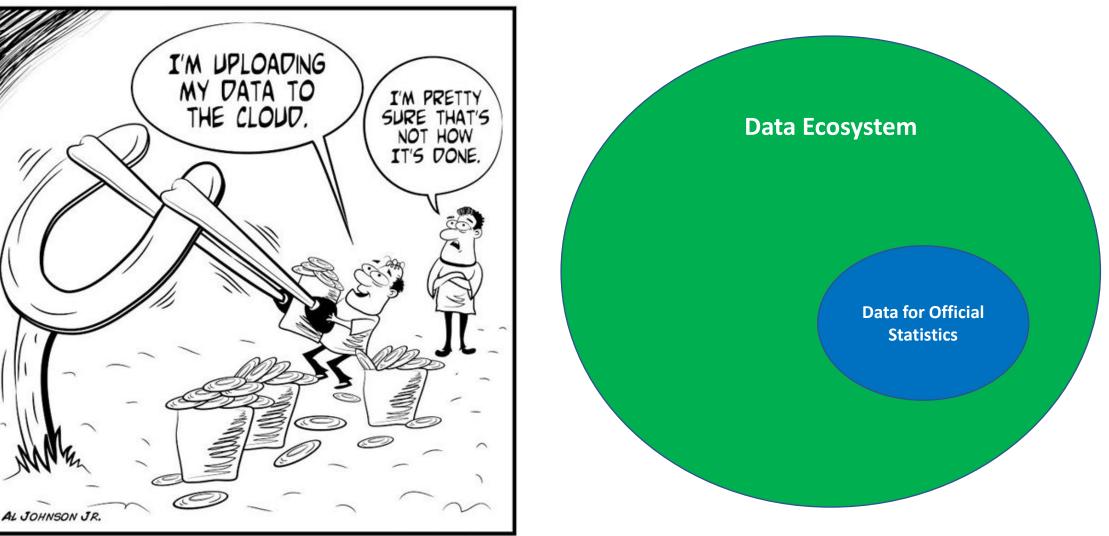


- The National Data Ecosystem encompasses institutions and organizations responsible for collecting, processing, disseminating, analyzing, and consuming data in a country.
- The National Data Ecosystem is broader than the NSS.
- **Data Stewardship** is a governance approach that focuses on servicing the data ecosystem rather than exerting control.
- Data Stewardship aims to foster collaboration, improve data interoperability, enhance production processes, and advance data literacy, technology, and communication across the ecosystem.
- Data stewardship centres on leadership initiatives rather than authority.
- As the data steward, the NSO must be acknowledged as the coordinator of the NSS and a trusted hub of excellence for data and statistics.

Data Stewardship and Data for Statistical Purposes /1

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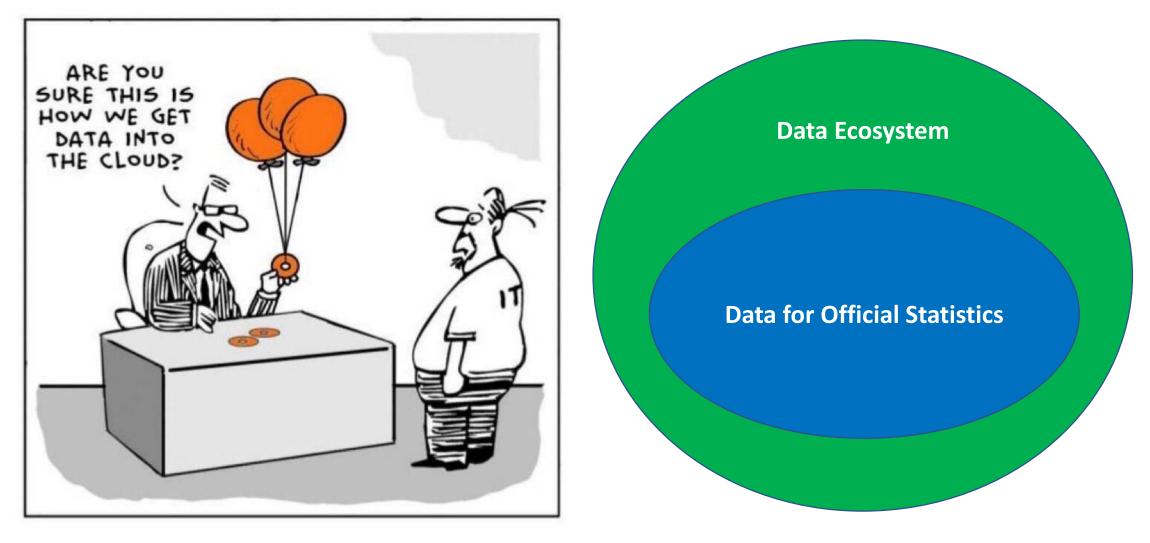


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Data Stewardship and Data for Statistical Purposes /2



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From Authority to Stewardship in Statistical Legislation

National Statistics Office [NSO]

The Chief Statistician leads the National Statistical Office

Other Producers of Official Statistics [OPOS]

• The Chief Statistician may issue standards and guidelines to be applied across the National Statistical

System for the development, production, and dissemination of official statistics

Administrative data/statistics producers (third-party public data)

• If providers of administrative data plan to develop a new data collection or carry out a major revision in their data collection or processing ... they shall consult the NSO ...

Third-Party private data (Big Data ...)

• The Chief Statistician may promote the use of standards, terminology, classifications, and technology applied in official statistics among public and private data providers and operators (data ecosystem)

Stewardship

Impediment to Data Stewardship [within the administration]



Absence of horizontal governance and authority

Lack of data literacy

Lack of adequate digital infrastructure to manage large volumes of data

Resistance of the administration to break silos

National Data Strategy: The Foundations



Transforming government's use of data to drive efficiency and improve public services:

- Fitness-for-purpose: the quality of the data is sufficient, available, accessible, interoperable, reusable, resilient ...
- Data skills: developing and maintaining skills across the administration and agencies that are needed to acquire, process and analyse data
- Centralised and/or federated system that allows the deployment of common infrastructure, technology and services
- Data sharing: promote the data exchange and access
- Data Ethics: lawful, secure, fair, ethical, sustainable and accountable

Revitalizing Statistical Legislation

Legislative response:

- Strengthening Governance, transparency, and trust in the National Statistical System and beyond
- Securing access to administrative records and registers at the micro-level, including identifiers
- Engaging with users and data communities (data ecosystem)
- Leveraging Innovative Data Sources for Enhanced Statistical Production
- Expanding provisions on statistical confidentiality and data protection





Principles, Codes and Normative Frameworks



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National Data Ecosystem

Privacy and Data Protection Commissioner / Officer

- Privacy and Data Protection Act Governs personal data collected, processed and/or shared by public and private operators
- Public Information access Act

Governs the procedure which ensures free access to and right to reuse information held by public authorities

Archiving Act

Rules the procedure for archiving data of national interest

Data Ethics



National Statistical System

Chief Statistician

- UN Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics (<u>A/RES/68/261</u>)
- UN National Quality Assurance Framework (<u>UN-NQAF</u>)
- Regional Statistics Code of Good Practices
- National Legal Framework and/or national code of practices
- Other Guidelines, Methodology and Technology applying to the NSS and promoted beyond the NSS

Thank you for your attention!



For questions and comments:

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